

15th HPC Café

07.05.2026



Agenda HPC Café – 07.05.2026

Topics for today:

- **Domain-specific language for materials modeling and simulation
(Dr. Ivan Kondov, SCC)**
- Discussion and open floor

As usual this format is meant to be interactive.
Don't hesitate to ask questions!

Domain-specific language for materials modeling and simulation

Ivan Kondov, SCC



Time for Discussion

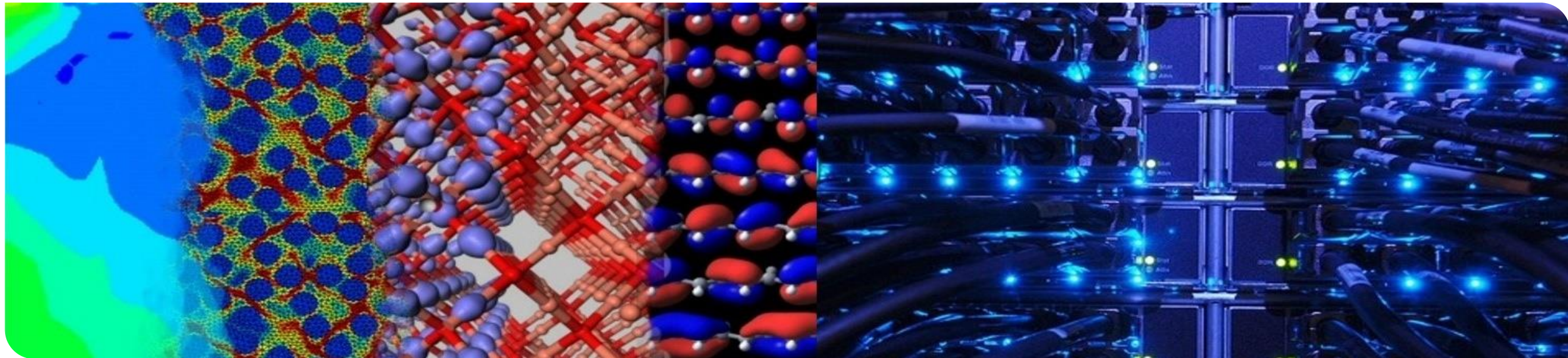


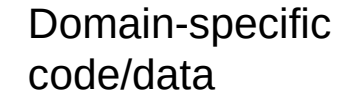
Next HPC Café

- Next HPC Café planned for **9 June 2026, 10 am**
 - Note: different timeslot due to the public holiday Corpus Christi
- Reminder: regular timeslot for the HPC Café
 - Every **first Thursday of the month 10:00 am**
- As always, open to hear ideas for topics and talks, from ...
 - Yourself
 - Colleagues and collaborators
 - Also just expressions for “topics of interest”

Domain-specific language for materials modeling

Ivan Kondov



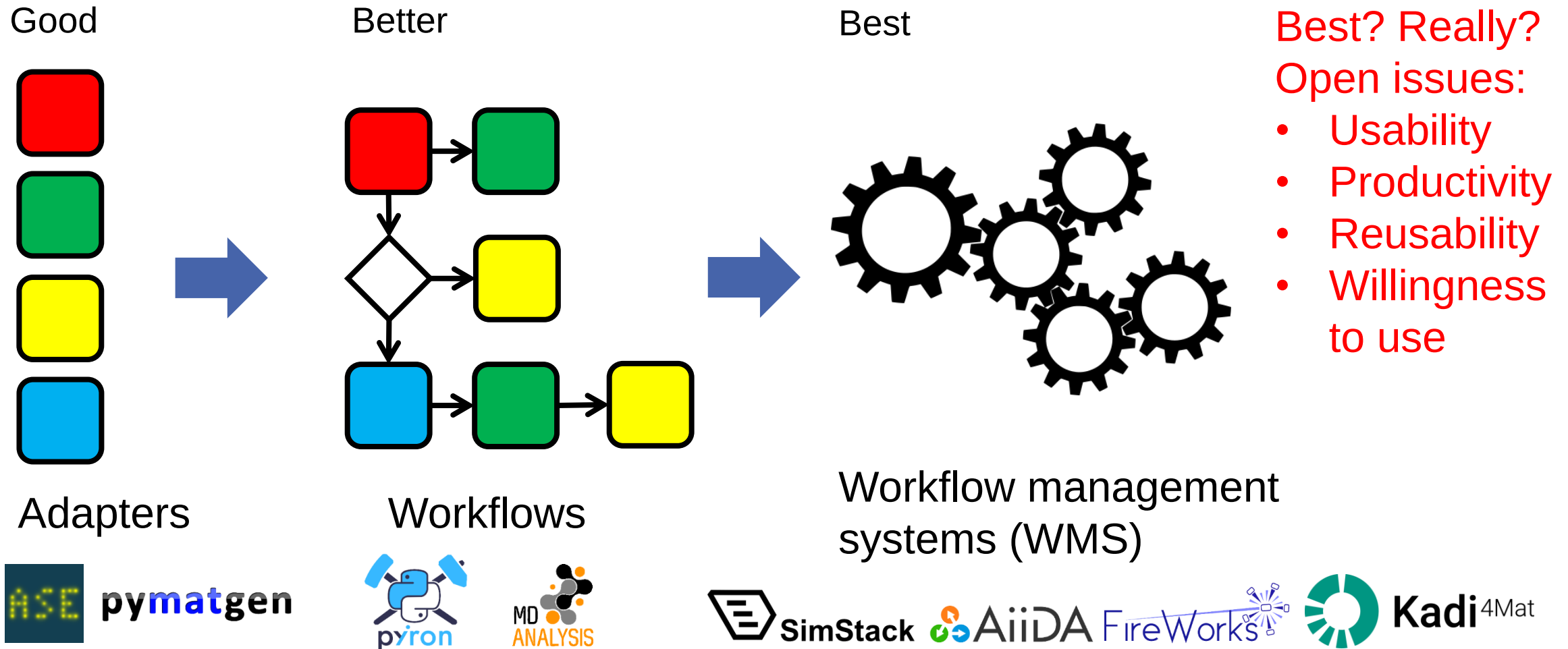


Domain expert



- Reusability
- Reproducibility
- Scalability
- Productivity

Current approach: scientific workflows



Best? Really?
Open issues:

- Usability
- Productivity
- Reusability
- Willingness to use

Outline

- Lessons learned
- Our approach: Domain Specific Language
- Domain specific languages textS and textM
- Use case:
Virtual screening of OER/ORR catalysts
- Current, recent developments
- Outlook



Lessons learned

Usability

- Scientific workflows concept too complex
- Too complex Python APIs and CLI tools
- Database queries - yet another domain

Productivity

- Time-consuming “boilerplate” code
- Tedious work to vary parameters
- Clumsy API, CLI and GUI

Reusability

- Too specific Python functions
- Lack of data typing
- Simple operations not in the workflow

Partial solutions

- wfGenes: CLI and GUI
<https://wfgenes.gitlab.io/wfgenes>

M. Roozmeh, I. Kondov, In “Workflows in support of large-scale science (WORKS)”, IEEE; pp 9–16 (2020).
M. Roozmeh, I. Kondov, LNCS 13353, 69 (2022).

- VRE Middleware: API and GUI
<https://vre-middleware.readthedocs.io>

The full solution

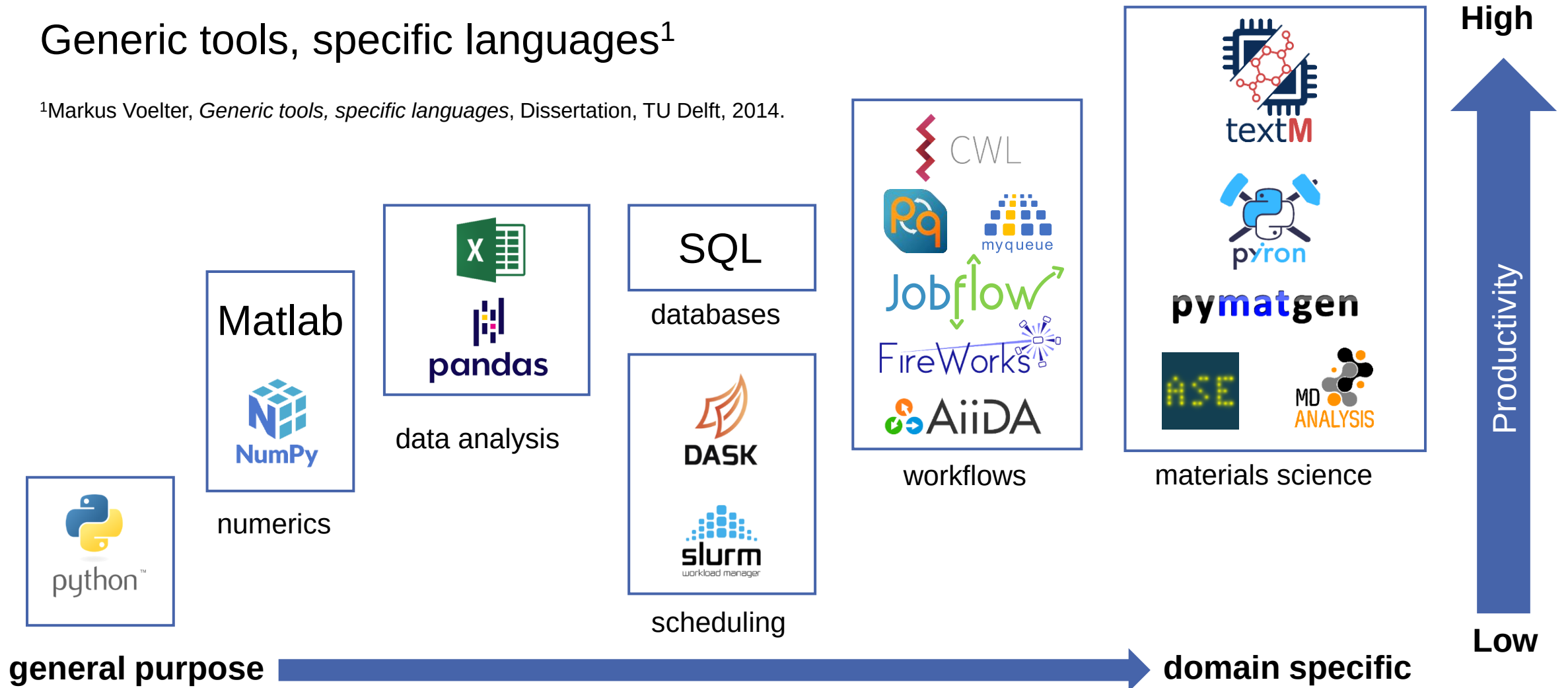
- Domain-specific language
<https://vre-language.readthedocs.io>

I. Kondov, R. Cortés Mejía, M. Müller, N. Pfisterer, S. Sreenivasan, LNCS 15909, 221 (2025).
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-97564-6_18

How to improve (re)usability and productivity?

Generic tools, specific languages¹

¹Markus Voelter, *Generic tools, specific languages*, Dissertation, TU Delft, 2014.



What is a domain-specific language (DSL)?

- Domain-specific concepts and abstractions
- More expressive in its domain

Examples

GPLs	DSLs
• C/C++ • Fortran • Python • Java • Julia • ...	• Matlab • Excel • SQL • Regex • PostScript • ... • textS, textM

■ Python

```
len_1 = 2.0
units_1 = 'meter'
len_2 = 1.0
units_2 = 'centimeter'
diff_1 = len_1 - len_2 # no error but wrong
diff_2 = 2 - len_1 # no error but wrong
assert units_1 == units_2 # python(!) error
```

■ Better: a custom Python class or the **pint** package

■ Even better: native units support. In [textS](#):

```
len_1 = 2.0 [m]
len_2 = 1.0 [cm]
diff_1 = len_1 - len_2 # unit conversion
diff_2 = 2 + len_1 # domain-specific error
```

textS/textM: Basic concepts and features

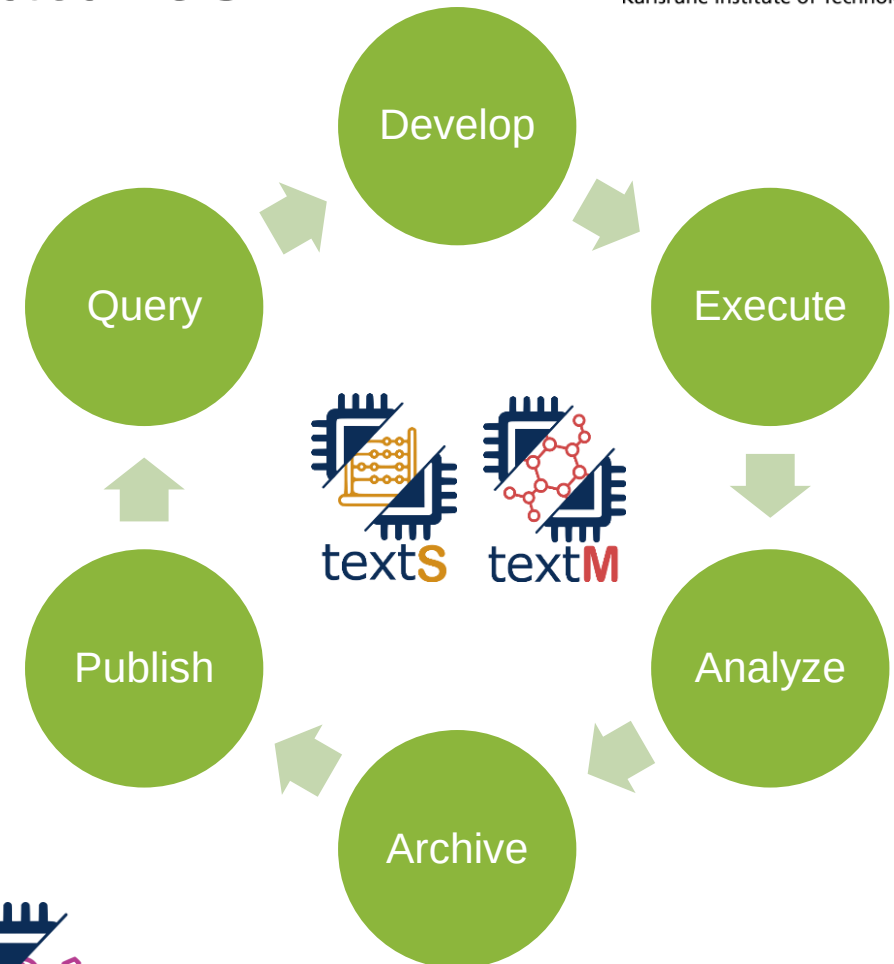
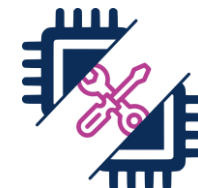
Cover full life cycle

Transparent database, batch system and data staging

Frontends: console, Jupyter

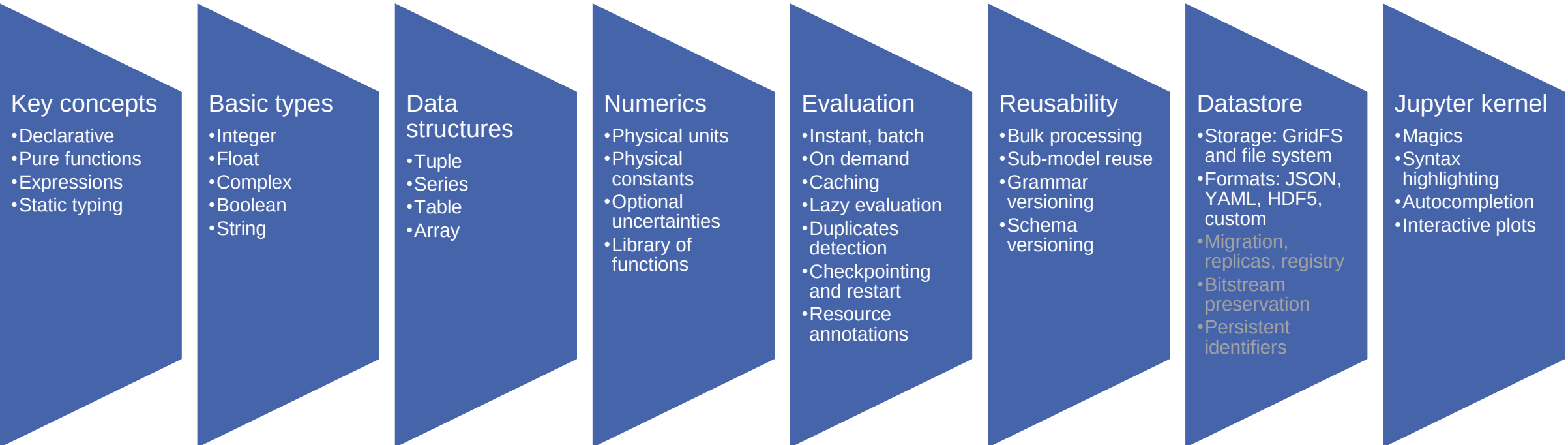
Supporting tools: parser and editor from grammar

Reuse domain-specific libs: ASE, Pint, pandas, NumPy ...



I. Kondov, R. Cortés Mejía, M. Müller, N. Pfisterer,
S. Sreenivasan, LNCS 15909, 221 (2025).
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-97564-6_18

Scientific Computing Language: textS



Atomic and molecular modeling language: textM

Types

- Property
- Structure (~ASE atoms)
- Calculator (~ASE Calculator)
- Constraint (~ASE Constraint)
- Algorithm (~ASE)
- Trajectory (~ASE)
- Species (chemistry)
- Reaction (chemistry)

Calculators

- EMT
- VASP
- TURBOMOLE
- ...

> 20 Algorithms

- Structure builders and build tools
- Local minimum optimization
- Molecular dynamics
- Density of states
- Band structure
- Equation of state
- Vibrations
- ...

Constraints

- FixedLine
- FixedPlane
- FixedAtoms
- ...



<https://vre-language.readthedocs.io>

How to start

- Read the quick-start guide
- Run some examples in the [examples folder](#)
- Run the ~1500 [regression tests](#)
- Read the comprehensive documentation

<https://vre-language.readthedocs.io>

Support

virtmat-tools@lists.kit.edu

Use case: Oxygen reduction reaction

M, MO_x , MO_xH_y systems

Thermodynamic overpotential:

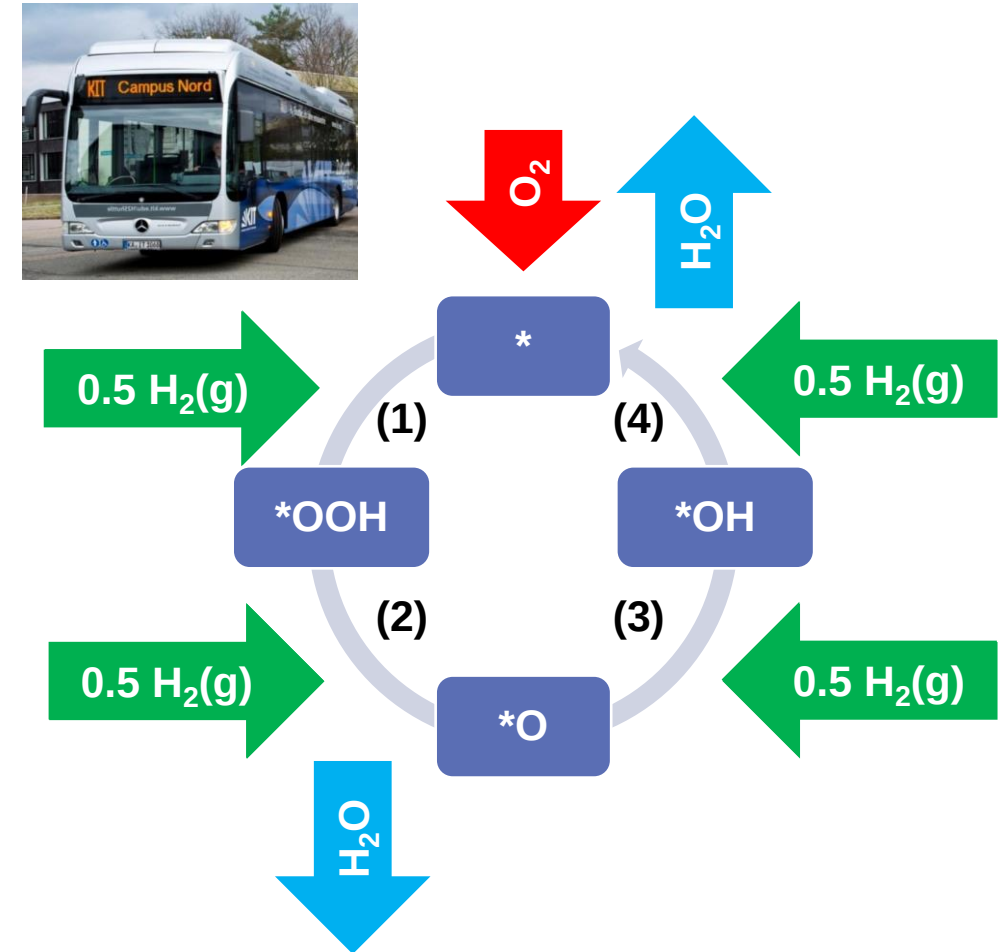
$$\eta_{\text{ORR}} = U_0 - U_{\text{max}} \quad U_0 = 1.23 \text{ V (RHE)}$$

Critical potential:

$$U_{\text{max}} = \sup\{U: \Delta G^{(i)}(U) \geq 0 \forall i \in [1, 2, 3, 4]\}$$

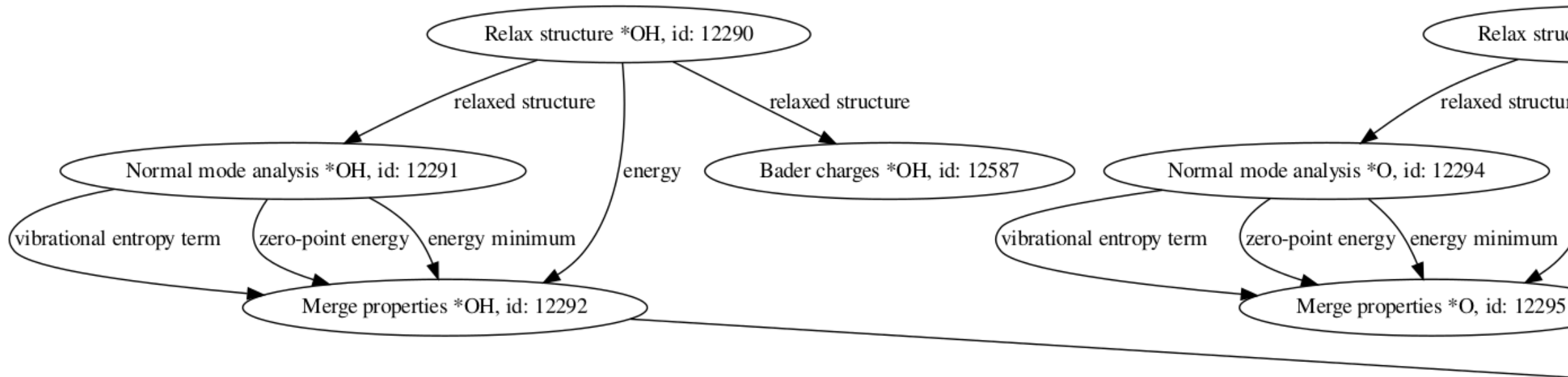
Free energies:

$$\Delta G^{(i)}(U) \approx \Delta E^{(i)} + \Delta \text{ZPE}^{(i)} - T\Delta S^{(i)} - z_i U$$



J. K. Nørskov et al., J. Phys. Chem. B 108, 17886 (2004).

Workflow implementation



M. Salmanion, I. Kondov, M. Vandichel, P. Aleshkevych, M. M. Najafpour, Inorg. Chem. **61**, 2292 (2022).
N. Akbari, I. Kondov, M. Vandichel, P. Aleshkevych, M. M. Najafpour, Inorg. Chem. **60**, 5682 (2021).
M. Vandichel, K. Laasonen, I. Kondov, Top. Catal. **63**, 833 (2020).
P. Faubert, I. Kondov, D. Qazzazie, O. Yurchenko, C. Müller, MRS Communications 8, 160 (2018).
I. Kondov, P. Faubert, C. Müller, Electrochimica Acta 236, 260 (2017).

All data and workflows available in the Materials Cloud <https://archive.materialscloud.org/>.

TextM: Electronic structure properties

```
geom_surface_0 = Structure from file 'geometry_files/pt_slab-o.cif' # only the *0 species shown
view structure (geom_surface_0)
```

```
c_surf_0 = constr(9, 28)
fix_surf_0 = FixedAtoms where c_surf_0
c_nrm_0 = constr(27, 28)
nrm_surf_0 = FixedAtoms where c_nrm_0
constr(n, m) = map((x: x < n), range(0, m, 1))
```

```
calc_rlx = Calculator vasp >= 5.4.4 ((algo: 'Fast'), (ediff: 1e-06) [eV], (ediffg: -0.01) [eV/angstrom], (encut: 400.0) [eV],
                                     (ibrion: 2), (icharg: 2), (ismear: 0), (ispin: 2), (istart: 0), (kpts: [5, 5, 1]),
                                     (sigma: 0.1) [eV], (xc: 'PBE')),
                                     task: local minimum
calc_nrm = Calculator vasp >= 5.4.4 ((algo: 'Fast'), (ediff: 1e-07) [eV], (encut: 400.0) [eV], (ibrion: 5), (icharg: 2),
                                     (ismear: 0), (ispin: 2), (nfree: 2), (nsw: 1), (potim: 0.005) [angstrom],
                                     (istart: 0), (kpts: [5, 5, 1]), (sigma: 0.1) [eV], (xc: 'PBE')),
                                     task: normal modes
```

```
props_0 = Property energy ((structure: geom_surface_0), (calculator: calc_rlx), (constraints: (fix_surf_0))
                           on 76 cores for 4.0 [hours])
nrm_0 = Property vibrational_energies, energy_minimum ((structure: props_0.output_structure), (calculator: calc_nrm),
                                                       (constraints: (nrm_surf_0)) on 76 cores for 4.0 [hours])
view structure (props_0.output_structure)
```

I. Kondov, R. Cortés Mejía, M. Müller, N. Pfisterer,
S. Sreenivasan, LNCS 15909, 221 (2025).
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-97564-6_18

TextM: Properties of the chemical species

```
# use exp, log from numpy
from virtmat.functions use exp, log
zpe_f(vib_ener) = 0.5 * sum(vib_ener)
vib_entr_f(vib_energies) = kB * sum(map(entr, vib_energies, map(exp_hob, vib_energies)))
beta = 1.0 / (kB * temperature)
exp_hob(ene) = exp(-ene * beta)
entr(ene, eh) = ene * beta * eh / (1.0 - eh) - log(1.0 - eh)
temperature = 298.15 [K]
kB = 1 [boltzmann_constant]

MO = Species MO (
    (energy: props_0.energy[0]),
    (zpe: zpe_f(nrm_0.vibrational_energies[0])),
    (entropy: vib_entr_f(nrm_0.vibrational_energies[0])),
    (temperature: 298.15) [K]
)

print(MO)
```

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TextM: Electrochemical properties

```
orr1 = Reaction M + O2 + 0.5 H2 = MOOH
orr2 = Reaction MOOH + 0.5 H2 = MO + H2O
orr3 = Reaction MO + 0.5 H2 = MOH
orr4 = Reaction MOH + 0.5 H2 = M + H2O
orr = (reactions: orr1, orr2, orr3, orr4)

orr_free_energies = map((r: r.free_energy[0]), orr)
U_max = min(map((g: -g / (n * e)), orr_free_energies))
orr_overpotential = U_0 - U_max
min(s) = reduce((x, y: if(x < y, x, y)), s)
U_0 = 1.23 [V] # standard reversible potential
n = 1 # number of exchanged electrons, all ORR/OER elementary reactions are one-electron
e = 1 [elementary_charge]
print('U_max:', U_max, 'ORR_overpotential:', orr_overpotential)
```

FireWorks: 1256 lines of code (Python + YAML)

TextM: 244 lines of code

Complete use-case code: <https://gitlab.kit.edu/kat/virtmat-tools/oxycat-use-case>

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Recent and current developments

■ Projects:

- JL VMD: VirtMat 2 (2021-2023), VirtMat 3 (2024-2026)
- Helmholtz IVF Science Serve: VM-FIRE, with FZJ Tier-1/Tier-0 (2026)

■ Deployment

- Two computing projects (7+3 Mio core-hours) on HoreKa (Tier-2 system)



■ VRE Language nominated for Helmholtz Software Award 2026

Outlook

- Deployment
 - Further Tier-2 systems via NHR
 - On Tier-1 and Tier-0 systems: FZJ partner in VM-FIRE
- Features
 - Uncertainties in series and arrays
 - Uncertainty propagation: Quasi Monte Carlo, Polynomial Chaos Expansion
 - FAIR compliance: persistent identifiers
 - New calculators: Elk, LAMMPS, CP2K
- Usability
 - Datastore: bitstream preservation, replicas and registry
- Sustainability, maintainability
 - Generalization of Algorithm and Calculator into textS
 - Package modularization
 - Facilitate textS and textM extensions via plugins
 - Add further DSLs

Thank you!

Team (current and former):

Allen Benny
Sijia Huang
Rodrigo Cortés Mejía
Marvin Müller
Nikolai Pfisterer
Thomas Schraivogel
Sruthy Sreenivasan

Collaborations:

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Mohammad Mahdi Najafpour (IASBS, Zanjan)
Kushal Ramakrishna (HZDR, Dresden)
Godehard Sutmann (FZJ, Jülich)
Matthias Vandichel (U Limerick)
Wolfgang Wenzel (KIT)



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